

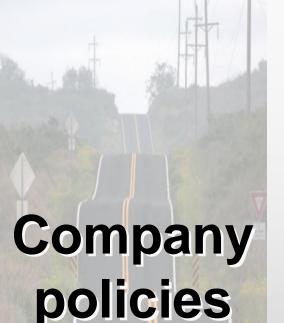
Mount Graham International Observatory

Original PPT by W. M. Keck Observatory



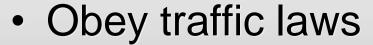
 Help MGIO drivers understand aspects of driving safely in mountain habitat

 Promote understanding of UA and MGIO expectations





- Personnel Memorandum



- For example: seatbelt use required, follow speed limits, pass only in passing zones
- Valid drivers license required



Driving Abstracts

- UA Risk Management
 - Reviews all UA drivers for driving violations
- UA Risk Management reporting system with accountable follow up for poor driving
- UA can deny driving privileges to employees based on:
 - Pattern of driving violations
 - One DUI conviction

Driving Issues

- Passengers noticing driving issues or violations should bring them to driver's attention
 - and/or notify your supervisor
- Employees who commit safety violations are subject to disciplinary action
- Senior Managers and SO Safety
 Officer are authorized to remove
 driving privileges with reasonable
 cause

Avoid **Accidents** and Injury

- Drive at speeds safe for road conditions
- All occupants must wear safety belts
- All drivers of UA vehicles must comply with Arizona State traffic laws and ABOR Policies

CAUTION! Hazards:

- Rough roads and dirt roads
- Narrow rural roads without shoulders, poor engineering
- One-lane bridges, blind curves, steep grades
- Large recreation vehicles, hunters, horses, deer, black bears or other large wildlife may suddenly appear
- Oncoming drivers may cross center line
- Steep drops, ditches, bridges and culverts with <u>NO guard rails</u>
- Poor or no visibility due to severe winter or monsoon weather – blizzards, heavy fog / heavy rain
- Bad weather such as ice, snow and severe wind storms
- Bicyclists, boulders, and trees (blow down) may be on the roadway





- Prepare yourself and vehicle
 - Check tire pressure, leaks,
 fluid levels, fuel level, clean windows and mirrors, review vehicle controls
 - Wear seat belt, adjust mirrors and seat position
 - Know how to change flat tires safely
- Follow posted speed limits
- Never cross solid yellow lines
- Never tailgate
- Eliminate distractions
 - No cell phone use when driving



Recognize hazards

- Scan the road ahead
- Check all mirrors every 3 5 sec.
- Keep your attention focused on driving

Understand the defense

- Use "what-if" strategy to help keep your attention focused on driving
- Avoid hazard in time to prevent collision
- Take foot off gas and "Cover the brake"

Keep a defensive attitude

- Stay calm and courteous
- Control emotions if cut off or tailgated
- If upset, breath deeply and count to ten



- Reduces ability to negotiate curves / maneuver around obstacles
- Extends distance to stop vehicle
- Increases distance traveled while driver reacts
- Compromises integrity of vehicle structure
- Decreases effectiveness of air bags and seatbelts
- Decreases effectiveness of guardrails / barriers
- Increases risk of crashes
 - Other vehicles and pedestrians may not be able to judge distance accurately
- Increases wear and tear on vehicles increasing maintenance cost



Engine braking - downhill

- Downshift on steep downhill grades
- Don't over-rev, keep below ~5000 rpm

"Snub braking" technique

- Brake firmly until 5 mph below desired speed
- Release brake, don't ride brakes!

Shifting – uphill

- Let the vehicle downshift if needed

Slow Down

- Gravel, ice and snow all have poor traction
- Stopping distance much longer

Night driving

- Slow down
- Low beams/fog lights in fog
- No drowsy driving



Winter Driving Ice Snow

Drive slowly

- Everything takes longer... accelerating, stopping, turning
- Give yourself time to maneuver drive slowly!
- Increase following distance >10 seconds
 - Longer distance needed if you have to stop
- Don't stop if you can avoid it
 - Much more inertia is needed to start from a full stop than to get moving while still rolling
- When parking in freezing weather, avoid using the parking brake
 - The brake linings could freeze to the brake drum and disk. If necessary, block tires with rocks or other heavy objects.



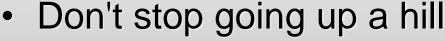
Steward Observatory Safety Manual

- Policy #42 Mountain Travel and Habitat
- Emergency Contact Listing
 - Telephone and radio contacts radio required on Mount Graham
- Safety Equipment
 - Fire extinguisher, crank flashlight, small shovel, ice scraper, first aid kit, butane mini-torch, emergency blanket, bag of sand, and basic tool kit, *fitted* tire chains (for all four tires)
- Read MGIO Orientation Package
 - Available on MGIO website:
 http://mgio.arizona.edu
 –tab– Visitor Information –tab– MGIO Orientation



Don't over power up hills

- Extra power gets wheels spinning
- Get inertia going before you reach hill and let it carry you to top
- At crest of hill, reduce your speed and proceed down hill as slowly as possible



- Get inertia going on a flat before hill
- Use snow chains when required
 - Learn how to put on chains all 4!
 - Chains used only on ice and snow
 - Remove when not needed

LINK TO SNOW CHAIN VIDEO



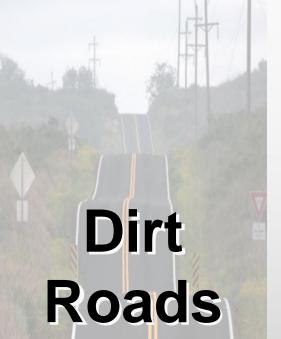
Skidding on Ice & Snow

- Take foot off gas
- Slowly turn steering wheel in direction that rear end is moving
- Don't overcompensate steering
 - If car's rear end begins to fishtail to other side, slowly steer in that direction.
- Multiple "fishtails" are common
 - Stay calm and continue to steer in direction of rear end until car's path straightens out
- If necessary, stop vehicle after it has straightened itself and collect your thoughts



Use 4WD on dirt road

- Most 4WD vehicles have automatic hubs if not you will need to set them manually
- Speed limit of 25 mph maximum
- Windows kept closed and A/C on re-circulate
 - Keep dust out of vehicle
- On sharp "switch back" turns, your speed should be less than 15 mph
 - Extended stopping distance on dirt
 - Lack of guard rails
 - Narrow road
 - Vehicle can slide off the roadway



Slow Down and take your time



More time to react to conditions

- Rocks, grader berms, vehicles in your lane, blind corners, and narrow sections by culverts and curves
- Hitting a rock or other obstacle can knock a hole in oil pan, differential or damage brakes

Going slow helps

- If you hit a rock and it catches underneath, it may stop or damage the vehicle
- When crossing grader berm -- slow down and cross at an angle
 - Wait for grader to reach a safe place or stops to pass



Handling

- SUV is heaver and has higher center of gravity
- SUV handles poorly in abrupt maneuvers

Rollover

- SUV is much easier to rollover
- Rollovers are very dangerous for passengers
 - Seat belts and airbags less effective

Braking

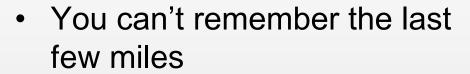
SUV stopping distance is longer





- Avoid sharp turns and abrupt maneuvers
- Drive at safe speeds for conditions
- Ensure tires properly inflated
- Never overload vehicle
- Make sure every passenger is properly restrained – UA Policy!
- In a rollover crash, unbelted person is significantly more likely to suffer serious injury





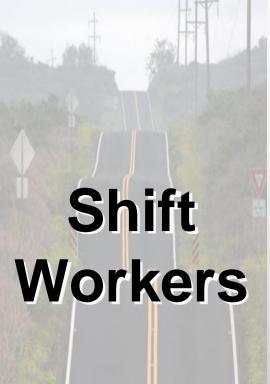


- You're not sure where you are on the road
- You drift out of your lane
- You wander across road and over correct
- You tailgate, or miss traffic signs
- You can't concentrate, your mind wanders
- You can't stop yawning
- You have trouble focusing your eyes
- You can't keep your eyes open
- You have trouble keeping your head up

How to avoid driving drowsy

- Get 7 9 hours sleep every 24 hour period
- Sleep for a few hours after working and before driving
- Know the symptoms of drowsiness
- Stop immediately when you feel drowsy
- Take a short nap before resuming driving
- Ask someone else to drive
- Avoid alcohol and medications that make you drowsy





Tips to combat drowsy driving

- Make your bedroom dark and sleep at same time every day
- Block or mask outside sounds
- Lower temperature before going to bed
- Maintain or improve your overall health
- Avoid caffeine several hours before bedtime
- Avoid alcohol several hours before bedtime
- Know side effects of your medications
- Close bedroom door, hang **Do Not Disturb** sign
- Unplug the telephone in your bedroom
- Develop a relaxing sleep ritual



Cellular Phones



- List of vehicle phone numbers is located in glove box
- Do not use when driving
- Pull over to a safe place

Don't phone and drive!

Vehicle Maintenance

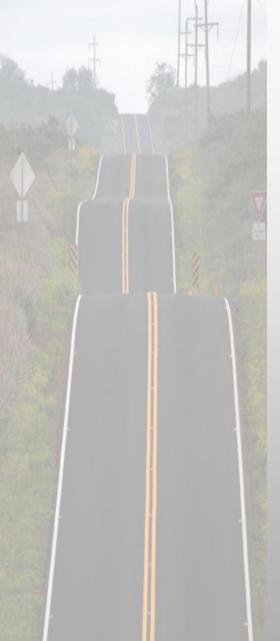
- Before driving complete "walkaround" inspection (see checklist)
- For urgent and serious
 "Do Not Drive" issues
 - "Red Tag" vehicle (take it out of service)
 - Notify your Supervisor
 - Ensure vehicle is not driven by putting note on keys
- Report other minor malfunctions

What about Flat Tires?

- Don't drive far on flat tire
 - Drive slow speed, pull off road to a safe place
- Change flat tire with spare
 - Instructions in glove box
- Deposit damaged tire with MGIO staff
 - Staff will have tire repaired and returned
- Fixed tire will be returned to summit
- Original driver to replace original tire
 - or arrange for someone else to swap tires
- Original driver is responsible
 - follow through with process or delegate it



- See reference card in glove box
- Check the scene, Call 911 and Care for injured
- On Mount Graham, notify DPS, County Sheriff or UAPD immediately
- Obtain other driver's information and police report number
- Take photos if camera is available
- Call Base Camp or Facility Supervisor if towing is required
- Complete an incident report



Housekeeping

- Smoking is not permitted in vehicles
- Remove personal effects, trash, etc.
- Transporting gas cylinders, dewars, large packages?
 - keep them well secured
- At Base Camp, vehicle doors must be locked after working hours

Please remember...

- Wear seatbelts
- Don't speed
- Don't cross solid yellow lines
- Don't tailgate
- Stay focused on driving
- Don't use cell phone
- Don't drive drowsy
- Don't drink and drive
- Drive defensively

The life you save may be your own...



Thank YOU!

• Questions?